

authority	A person or ruler's power to give orders and make decisions for the country.	secondary source	A document or a record that was not written at the time of the event studied.
evidence	The information that historians extract from sources.	tyrant	A person or ruler who uses their authority cruelly.
heir	A person who inherits money, property or a title after a family member dies.		
inventory	A list of all the items belonging to a person who died in Tudor times.		
portrait	A painting or drawing of a person's face and expression.		
primary source	An original document from the period being studied that has not been changed in any way.		
progress	A monarch's tour of the kingdom, accompanied by his or her court.		
propaganda	Information given out that may not be accurate but is intended to make people believe something or to hold a particular point of view.		



Hans Holbein the Younger

A German painter who lived at Henry VIII's court for periods. His portraits are some of the most famous of Henry VIII.



Henry VIII

Henry VIII was the King of England from 1509 to 1547. He married six times to get a male heir. He used portraits of himself to portray himself as a powerful king.



Anne Boleyn

The second wife of Henry VIII and the mother of Elizabeth I. She was strongly Protestant and tried to influence Henry VIII to change his religious views.



Elizabeth I

The daughter of Henry VIII and Anne Boleyn, Elizabeth I ruled from 1558 to 1603. She used portraits, royal progresses and coins as propaganda to show her power and authority as queen.